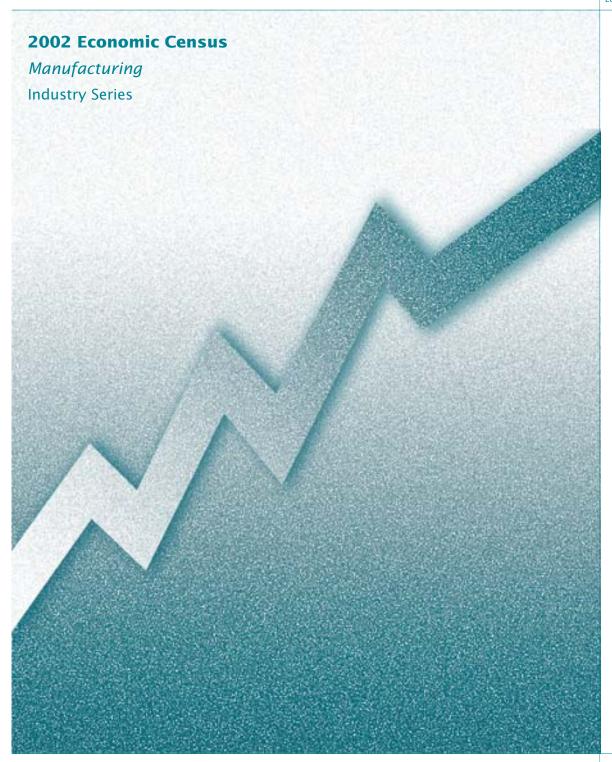
# Ice Cream and Frozen Dessert Manufacturing: 2002

Issued September 2004

EC02-311-311520





Helping You Make Informed Decisions

U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



#### Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All			Production workers				Total	Total	Total capital
Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>	estab- lish- ments <sup>3</sup>	Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)		expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311520, Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing	365	407	20 166	718 453	15 173	29 107	495 155	4 392 210	3 790 577	8 178 027	243 876
2001 2000	N N	N N	18 935 19 591	617 630 619 287	13 671 13 686	26 626 26 690	428 317 411 498	3 361 898 3 072 640	3 383 124 3 269 234	6 747 046 6 339 744	136 124 152 557
1999 1998	N N	N N	20 032 20 123	623 337 628 255	14 125 14 440	28 478 29 954	416 172 414 019	2 253 796		5 492 475 5 956 516	134 768 185 200
1997	409	449	19 786	606 694	14 244	30 135	390 903	2 550 133	3 312 478	5 857 909	157 887

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production workers						
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311520, Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing												
United States California Colorado Connecticut Florida Illinois Indiana Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Missouri	1 1 4 1 5 4 - 2 -	407 75 7 12 20 16 10 20 10 8	128 17 3 2 5 7 4 5 7 4 3	20 166 1 924 221 309 592 1 215 758 940 1 113 317 853	718 453 77 037 7 090 8 487 19 854 55 931 28 262 34 615 56 208 9 378 27 753	15 173 1 338 167 211 454 907 576 799 641 246 737	29 107 2 671 328 433 784 1 900 1 010 1 355 1 063 499 1 024	495 155 49 109 4 926 4 498 14 323 39 262 20 352 29 091 25 595 5 821 23 544	4 392 210 795 932 30 942 49 173 164 300 378 033 511 675 274 464 276 273 39 428 165 489	3 790 577 473 768 38 170 47 530 132 953 184 680 275 039 130 615 328 373 68 270 86 575	8 178 027 1 270 850 70 171 97 968 300 535 557 889 779 642 413 155 603 540 104 918 251 843	243 876 26 291 10 712 1 518 6 567 13 992 8 541 8 218 6 166 1 207 10 689
New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas Utah Washington Wisconsin	- 2 - 2 3	18 33 6 13 3 23 4 25 6 9	46153634543	480 1 065 147 1 094 205 1 606 680 1 412 277 340 263	10 592 35 124 4 151 23 111 8 708 48 999 28 783 47 673 9 774 11 525 8 659	429 778 112 891 131 976 376 966 164 275 178	821 1 566 205 1 200 256 1 935 724 1 995 344 563 356	8 189 21 805 2 507 17 054 4 436 28 395 12 831 31 387 5 618 8 769 5 245	36 121 65 022 13 830 47 138 25 795 238 862 261 028 348 225 34 387 18 705 24 415	23 475 80 601 20 982 112 853 28 690 259 845 127 974 205 336 112 367 60 819 35 256	59 360 148 702 34 710 158 138 54 240 495 015 392 385 551 161 146 915 82 040 60 187	2 537 3 308 726 2 571 2 680 15 363 4 606 12 587 1 712 2 161 3 066

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

### Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
311520, Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number	365
All establishments <sup>2</sup>	407 279 74 54
All employees³         number.           Total compensation         \$1,000.           Annual payroll         \$1,000.           Total fringe benefits         \$1,000.	20 166 899 691 718 453 181 238
Production workers, average for year	15 173 15 218 15 801 15 129 14 501
Production worker hours	29 107 495 155
Total cost of materials         \$1,000           Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used         \$1,000           Resales         \$1,000           Purchased fuels         \$1,000           Purchased electricity         \$1,000           Contract work         \$1,000	3 790 577 3 234 036 D 12 725 79 857 D
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power. 1,000 kWh.  Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power . 1,000 kWh.	1 292 746
Total value of shipments         \$1,000.           Primary products value of shipments         \$1,000.           Secondary products value of shipments         \$1,000.           Total miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000.           Value of resales         \$1,000.           Contract receipts         \$1,000.           Other miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000.	8 178 027 7 117 882 504 341 555 804 D D
Primary products specialization ratio percent.  Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000.  Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000.  Value of primary products shipments made in other industry \$1,000.	93 7 786 715 7 117 882 668 833
Coverage ratiopercent	91
Value added	4 392 210
Total inventories, beginning of year         \$1,000.           Finished goods inventories         \$1,000.           Work-in-process inventories         \$1,000.           Materials and supplies inventories         \$1,000.	413 101 267 367 8 180 137 554
Total inventories, end of year         \$1,000.           Finished goods inventories         \$1,000.           Work-in-process inventories         \$1,000.           Materials and supplies inventories         \$1,000.	409 325 274 509 5 798 129 018
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year         \$1,000           Total capital expenditures (new and used)         \$1,000           Buildings and other structures (new and used)         \$1,000           Machinery and equipment (new and used)         \$1,000           Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use.         \$1,000           Computers and peripheral data processing equipment         \$1,000           All other expenditures for machinery and equipment         \$1,000           Total retirements         \$1,000           Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year.         \$1,000	2 198 408 243 876 52 660 191 216 7 871 7 418 175 927 115 208 2 327 076
Depreciation charges during year\$1,000	133 854
Total rental payments \$1,000.  Buildings and other structures \$1,000.  Machinery and equipment \$1,000.	62 994 36 961 26 033
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> percent.  Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Communications services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Legal services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  All other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.	506 158 79 71 838 3 561 1 454 1 021 D 2 277 12 780 D 11 773 249 775

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All employees			oduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total
		All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311520, Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing											
All establishments  Establishments with —  1 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 100 to 249 employees 250 to 499 employees 250 to 499 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees or more	1 9 8 6 4 2 2 - 1	407 200 44 35 45 29 29 18 7	20 166 389 303 465 1 431 2 111 4 677 6 141 4 649	718 453 12 473 10 553 14 920 49 278 73 671 166 997 204 900 185 661	15 173 321 241 347 1 004 1 400 3 559 4 877 3 424	29 107 625 488 706 2 044 2 717 6 781 8 787 6 959	495 155 9 284 7 574 9 951 31 682 41 761 120 093 153 303 121 507	4 392 210 72 086 48 037 70 981 200 561 321 716 1 371 923 1 318 984 987 922	3 790 577 46 956 36 949 52 449 272 637 289 280 1 259 194 1 060 153 772 959	8 178 027 118 998 84 656 123 400 475 337 609 806 2 638 974 2 365 594 1 761 262	243 876 3 450 2 825 3 985 10 845 14 939 67 109 61 883 78 840
Administrative records <sup>4</sup>	9	217	560	18 673	470	939	14 077	109 703	73 295	182 564	5 346

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All	All employees		Pr	oduction work	ers		Total	Total	Total capital
		estab- lish- ments <sup>1</sup>	Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311520	Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing	407	20 166	718 453	15 173	29 107	495 155	4 392 210	3 790 577	8 178 027	243 876
3115200	Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing	407	20 166	718 453	15 173	29 107	495 155	4 392 210	3 790 577	8 178 027	243 876

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
311520	Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing	N N	X X	X	7 786 715 5 758 731	
3115200	Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing	N N	X	X	7 786 715 5 758 731	
31152001	Ice cream, excluding lowfat and nonfat (including custards), shipped in bulk (containers 3 gal or more)	N	Х	x	661 717	
3115200111	lce cream, excluding lowfat and nonfat (including custards), shipped in bulk (containers 3 gal or more) mil gal2002	N 77	X X	X S	639 176 661 717	
31152002	lce cream, excluding lowfat and nonfat (including custards), shipped in container sizes (less than 3 gal)	135 N	X X	<sup>q</sup> 138.7 X	639 176 3 366 374	
3115200221	lce cream, excluding lowfat and nonfat (including custards), shipped in container sizes (less than 3 gal) mil gal2002	N 79	X X	P781.6	2 709 413 3 366 374	
31152003	lce cream, excluding lowfat and nonfat (including custards), novelty forms	143 N	X	<sup>9748.9</sup>	2 709 413 1 475 947	
3115200331	lce cream, excluding lowfat and nonfat (including custards), novelty formsmil gal2002.	N	x x	X	968 061	
31152004	1997 Lowfat and nonfat ice cream (including custards)	51 89 N	X X	P355.4 9163.0 X	1 475 947 968 061 499 617	
3115200441	Lowfat ice cream (including custards), shipped in bulk (containers 3 gal or more)mil gal2002	N 16	X	X S	380 031 44 991	
3115200451	Lowfat ice cream (including custards), shipped in container sizes (less than 3 gal)	17 40	X X	s s	18 759 238 750	
3115200461	1997 Lowfat ice cream (including custards), novelty forms mil gal2002	65 20 30	X X X	P77.7 P10.6 S	189 494 102 955 89 094	
3115200471	Nonfat ice cream (including custards), shipped in bulk (containers 3 gal or more)	3 6	X	S P1.0	5 944 3 642	
3115200481	Nonfat ice cream (including custards), shipped in container sizes (less than 3 gal)	14	Х	S	98 822	
3115200491	1997 Nonfat ice cream (including custards), novelty forms	23 5 6	X X X	18.9 3.5 .8	63 061 8 155 15 981	
31152005	Other frozen desserts (yogurt, sherbet, water ices, mellorine, frozen pudding, etc.)	N N	X	×	1 077 109 799 689	
31152005A1	Regular and lowfat frozen yogurtmil gal2002	33 65		S <sup>q</sup> 58.1	162 641 213 835	
31152005B1	Nonfat frozen yogurt mil gal 2002	16	X	S	61 329 90 953	
31152005C1	Sherbet, shipped in bulk (containers 3 gal or more)mil gal2002	32 20 36 36	X	S S	46 320 41 381	
31152005D1	Sherbet, shipped in all other sizes, including novelty forms	62	X	931.9	264 955 99 990	
31152005E1	Water ices containing no real fruit or fruit juice	18 45	X X X X X X X X	9106.3 P63.1	252 126 148 143	
31152005F1	Ices containing some real fruit or fruit juice	19 42	X	S P51.4	207 480 139 230	
31152005G1	Mellorine and similar frozen desserts containing fats other than butterfat (including tofu-type)	6 8	X	S	24 502 23 673	
31152005H1	Other frozen desserts (frozen pudding, etc.)	12 19	X X	S	57 756 42 484	
3115200Y	lce cream and frozen dessert manufacturing, nsk, total	N N	x X	X	705 951 262 361	
3115200YWW	lce cream and frozen dessert manufacturing, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments	N N	X	X	535 778 125 135	
3115200YWY	lce cream and frozen dessert manufacturing, nsk, for administrative-record establishments	N N	X	X	170 173 137 226	
	1007			^		

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Not applicable for this report.]

## Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
311520	Ice cream and frozen dessert manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials	X X	3 234 036
11212000	1997   Whole milk	S	2 813 696 310 162
31151101	Fluid skim milk	917.6 S S	248 770 71 812 61 389
31151103	Cream	P6.3 99.4	445 432 434 730
31151200	Butter	\$.4 S S	10 089 7 924
31151401	Condensed and evaporated milk	5 S 174.1	127 571 132 673
31151407	Dry milk	S	51 765 64 246
31152001	lce cream mixes (excluding lowfat and nonfat)	109.4 937.8	343 116 107 222
31152003	Sherbet mix	\$ S	39 828 18 758
31152005	Ice cream mix, lowfatmil gal2002	P16.0	41 875
31152009	1997   Ice cream mix, nonfat	S	7 486 6 669
31152007	Yogurt mix	1.8 S S	4 994 12 948 13 182
31100019	Fats and oils, all types, purchased	D	D
31122103	1997   High fructose corn syrup (HFCS) (solids)	D S	D 33 745
31122117	Crystalline fructose (dry fructose)	295.6 D D	37 547 D D
31122119	Dextrose and corn syrup, including corn syrup solids (dry weight)	S	40 127
31131001	1997   Sugar, cane and beet (sugar solids)	330.9 9169.3	47 182 79 532
31151403	Whey (liquid, concentrated, and dried) and modified whey products	N S S	11 549 13 675
00190035	Casein and caseinates	S	2 110
31132001	Chocolate (compounds, cocoa, chocolate liquor, coatings, chocolate flavoring, etc.)	S 134.1	1 943 104 763
00190036	Flavorings (natural, imitation, etc.), excluding chocolate	P120.3 X X	101 650 277 903 268 908
32521105	Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders, liquids, etc	s	15 080
001900A1	Packaging paper and plastics film, coated and laminated	X	24 773 138 785
001900A3	Bags (plastics, foil, and coated paper)	S X X X X	153 920 6 795 12 767
32610013	Plastics products consumed in the form of sheets, rods, tubes, film, and other shapes	×	5 466
32610028	Plastics containers (excluding bags)	X X X X	4 454 36 715
32221001	Paperboard containers, boxes, and corrugated paperboard	X X X	N 412 784 342 526
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	x	358 440
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	X X X	414 603 243 639 284 564

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.